**Select an option which defines the key responsibility of a data processor.**

1. To be accountable and to take actions in line with GDPR. *This answer is incorrect because this defines the key responsibility of a data controller i.e. to be accountable and to take actions in line with GDPR, and to be able to explain the compliance with GDPR to data subjects and the Supervisory Authority, as and when required.*
2. To ensure that conditions specified in the Data Processing Agreement signed with the controller are always met. *This answer is correct because the key responsibility of the data processor under the GDPR is to ensure that conditions specified in the Data Processing Agreement signed with the controller are always met, and that obligations stated in GDPR are complied with.*
3. To advise companies about GDPR. *This answer is incorrect because this defines the key responsibility of a supervisory authority to advise companies about GDPR and also conduct audits on compliance with GDPR.*
4. To act as the contact point for the supervisory authority on issues relating to processing. *This answer is incorrect because this defines the key responsibility of a Data Protection Officer (DPO) to act as the contact point for the supervisory authority on issues relating to processing, including the prior consultation, and to consult, where appropriate, with regard to any other matter.*

Answer: b) To ensure that conditions specified in the Data Processing Agreement signed with the controller are always met.

**Who is a Data Processor under the GDPR?**

1. Natural person that determines the purposes and means of the processing of personal data. *This answer is incorrect because it represents data controller.*
2. A public authority who is responsible for monitoring compliance with GDPR. *This answer is incorrect because it represents supervisory authority.*
3. Identified or identifiable natural person[s]. *This answer is incorrect because GDPR defines “data subjects” as “identified or identifiable natural person[s].*
4. Natural person that processes personal data on behalf of the controller. *This answer is correct because the data processor under the GDPR is a natural person or legal entity that process personal data on behalf of the controller.*

Answer: d)Natural person that processes personal data on behalf of the controller.

**Data processor is also called –**

1. First Party. *This answer is incorrect because data processors are usually termed as third party.*
2. Second Party. *This answer is incorrect because data processors are external to the company so they are referred as a third party.*
3. Third Party. *This answer is correct because t*he data processor *is usually a* third party *external to the company.*
4. Fourth Party. *This answer is incorrect because at times, a processor is called a third party.*

Answer: c) Third Party

**A person or organization who deals with personal data as instructed by a controller is known as –**

1. Data Processor. *This answer is correct because the processor or data processor is a person or organization who deals with personal data as instructed by a controller for specific purposes and services offered to the controller that involve personal data processing*.
2. Data Protection Officer. *This answer is incorrect because* Data protection officers *are responsible for overseeing* data protection *strategy and implementation to ensure compliance with GDPR requirements.*
3. Supervisory Authority. *This answer is incorrect because a* Supervisory Authority *is an individual authority established by its member state to supervise the compliance with a specific regulation.*
4. Data Subjects. *This answer is incorrect because an identified or identifiable natural person is commonly known as data subject under the GDPR.*

Answer: a) Data Processor.

**If your marketing team processes personal data of potential and existing customers. When it works with an email marketing company or agency, for instance, that uses these data for campaigns, the latter are considered as –**

1. Data Protection Officer. *This answer is incorrect because* Data protection officers *are responsible for overseeing* data protection *strategy and implementation to ensure compliance with GDPR requirements and data protection officer doesn’t* ***processes personal data on behalf of the controller.***
2. Data Processor. *This answer is correct because the processor or data processor is a person or organization who deals with personal data as instructed by a controller for specific purposes and services offered to the controller that involve personal data processing. So, in this scenario the latter is considered as a Data Processor.*
3. Supervisory Authority. *This answer is incorrect because a* Supervisory Authority *is an individual authority established by its member state to supervise the compliance with a specific regulation and supervisory authority doesn’t* ***processes personal data on behalf of the controller.***
4. Data Subjects. *This answer is incorrect because an identified or identifiable natural person is commonly known as data subject under the GDPR and data subject doesn’t* ***process personal data on behalf of the controller.***

Answer: b) Data Processor